Face Recognition Access Controller

User’s Manual
Foreword

General

This manual introduces the installation and basic operation of the Face Recognition Access Controller (hereinafter referred to as "access controller").

Safety Instructions

The following categorized signal words with defined meaning might appear in the manual.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Signal Words</th>
<th>Meaning</th>
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<tr>
<td>NOTE</td>
<td>Provides additional information as the emphasis and supplement to the text.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Revision History

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Version</th>
<th>Revision Content</th>
<th>Release Date</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>V1.0.0</td>
<td>First Release</td>
<td>August 2019</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

About the Manual

- The manual is for reference only. If there is inconsistency between the manual and the actual product, the actual product shall prevail.
- We are not liable for any loss caused by the operations that do not comply with the manual.
- The manual would be updated according to the latest laws and regulations of related regions. For detailed information, see the paper manual, CD-ROM, QR code or our official website. If there is inconsistency between paper manual and the electronic version, the electronic version shall prevail.
- All the designs and software are subject to change without prior written notice. The product updates might cause some differences between the actual product and the manual. Please contact the customer service for the latest program and supplementary documentation.
- There still might be deviation in technical data, functions and operations description, or errors in print. If there is any doubt or dispute, please refer to our final explanation.
- Upgrade the reader software or try other mainstream reader software if the manual (in PDF format) cannot be opened.
- All trademarks, registered trademarks and the company names in the manual are the properties of their respective owners.
- Please visit our website, contact the supplier or customer service if there is any problem occurred when using the device.
- If there is any uncertainty or controversy, please refer to our final explanation.
Important Safeguards and Warnings

This Chapter describes the contents covering proper handling of the access controller, hazard prevention, and prevention of property damage. Read these contents carefully before using the access controller, comply with them when using, and keep it well for future reference.

Operation Requirement

- Do not place or install the access controller in a place exposed to sunlight or near the heat source.
- Keep the access controller away from dampness, dust or soot.
- Keep the access controller installed horizontally on the stable place to prevent it from falling.
- Do not drop or splash liquid onto the access controller, and make sure there is no object filled with liquid on the access controller to prevent liquid from flowing into the access controller.
- Install the access controller in a well-ventilated place, and do not block the ventilation of the access controller.
- Operate the access controller within the rated range of power input and output.
- Do not disassemble the access controller.
- Transport, use and store the access controller under the allowed humidity and temperature conditions.

Electrical Safety

- Improper battery use might result in fire, explosion, or inflammation.
- When replacing battery, make sure the same model is used.
- Use the recommended power cables in the region and conform to the rated power specification.
- Use the power adapter provided with the access controller; otherwise, it might result in people injury and device damage.
- The power source shall conform to the requirement of the Safety Extra Low Voltage (SELV) standard, and supply power with rated voltage which conforms to Limited power Source requirement according to IEC60950-1. Please note that the power supply requirement is subject to the device label.
- Connect the device (I-type structure) to the power socket with protective earthing.
- The appliance coupler is a disconnection device. When using the coupler, keep the angle for easy operation.
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</tbody>
</table>
1.1 Introduction

The access controller is an access control panel that supports unlock through faces, passwords, fingerprints, cards, and supports unlock through their combinations.

1.2 Features

- Support face unlock, IC card unlock, fingerprint unlock, and password unlock; unlock by period
- With face detection box; the largest face among faces that appear at the same time is recognized first; the maximum face size can be configured on the web
- 2MP wide-angle WDR lens; with auto/manual fill light
- Face-camera distance: 0.3 m–2.0 m; human height: 0.9 m–2.4 m
- With face recognition algorithm, the terminal can recognize more than 360 positions on human face
- Face verification accuracy>99.5%; low false recognition rate
- Support profile recognition; the profile angle is 0°–90°
- Support liveness detection
- Support duress alarm and tamper alarm
- Support general users, duress users, patrol users, blacklist users, VIP users, guest users, and the disabled users
- With 4 unlock status display modes and various voice prompt modes

1.3 Dimension and Component

The access controller has two types: 7-inch and 10-inch access controllers. See Figure 1-1 to Figure 1-4.
7-Inch Access Controller

Figure 1-1 Dimensions and components (1) (mm [inch])

Table 1-1 Component description (1)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>No.</th>
<th>Name</th>
<th>No.</th>
<th>Name</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>USB port</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>IR light</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>MIC</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>Dual camera</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>White fill light</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>Phototransistor</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Display</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>Cable entry</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Card swiping area</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

283.1[11.14] 130.1[5.12] 36.0[1.42] 24.0[0.94]
Figure 1-2 Dimensions and components (2) (mm [inch])

Table 1-2 Component description (2)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>No.</th>
<th>Name</th>
<th>No.</th>
<th>Name</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>USB port</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>IR light</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>MIC</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>Dual camera</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>White fill light</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>Phototransistor</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Display</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>Cable entry</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Card swiping area</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>Fingerprint sensor</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
10-Inch Access Controller

Figure 1-3 Dimensions and components (3) (mm [inch])

Table 1-3 Component description (3)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>No.</th>
<th>Name</th>
<th>No.</th>
<th>Name</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>IR light</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>Phototransistor</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>MIC</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>Dual camera</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>White fill light</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>Cable entry</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Display</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>–</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Card swiping area</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>–</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Figure 1-4 Dimensions and components (4) (mm [inch])
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>No.</th>
<th>Name</th>
<th>No.</th>
<th>Name</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>IR light</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>Phototransistor</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>MIC</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>Dual camera</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>White fill light</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>Cable entry</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Display</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>Fingerprint sensor</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Card swiping area</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>–</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### 2.1 Cable Connections

The access controller needs to be connected to devices like sirens, readers, and door contacts. For cable connection, see Table 2-1.

#### Table 2-1 Port description

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Port</th>
<th>Cable color</th>
<th>Cable name</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Black</td>
<td>RD-</td>
<td></td>
<td>Negative electrode of external card reader power supply.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Red</td>
<td>RD+</td>
<td></td>
<td>Positive electrode of external card reader power supply.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Blue</td>
<td>CASE</td>
<td></td>
<td>Tamper alarm input of the external card reader.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>White</td>
<td>D1</td>
<td></td>
<td>Wiegand D1 input (connected to external card reader)/output (connected to controller).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Green</td>
<td>D0</td>
<td></td>
<td>Wiegand D0 input (connected to external card reader)/output (connected to controller).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Brown</td>
<td>LED</td>
<td></td>
<td>Connected to external reader indicator in</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Yellow</td>
<td>B</td>
<td></td>
<td>RS-485 negative electrode input (connected to external card reader)/output (connected to controller, or connected to door control security module).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Purple</td>
<td>A</td>
<td></td>
<td>RS-485 positive electrode input (connected to external card reader)/output (connected to controller, or connected to door control security module).</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- If the security module is enabled, you need to purchase access control security module separately. The security module needs separate power supply to provide power.
- Once the security module is enabled, the exit button, lock control and firefighting linkage will be invalid.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Port</th>
<th>Cable color</th>
<th>Cable name</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CON2</td>
<td>White and red</td>
<td>ALARM1_NO</td>
<td>Alarm 1 normally open output port.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>White and orange</td>
<td>ALARM1_COM</td>
<td>Alarm 1 common output port.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>White and blue</td>
<td>ALARM2_NO</td>
<td>Alarm 2 normally open output port.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>White and gray</td>
<td>ALARM2_COM</td>
<td>Alarm 2 common output port.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>White and green</td>
<td>GND</td>
<td>Connected to the common GND port.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>White Brown</td>
<td>ALARM1</td>
<td>Alarm 1 input port.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>White and yellow</td>
<td>GND</td>
<td>Connected to the common GND port.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>White and purple</td>
<td>ALARM2</td>
<td>Alarm 2 input port.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CON3</td>
<td>Black and red</td>
<td>RX</td>
<td>RS-232 receiving port.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Black and orange</td>
<td>TX</td>
<td>RS-232 sending port.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Black and blue</td>
<td>GND</td>
<td>Connected to the common GND port.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Black and gray</td>
<td>SR1</td>
<td>Used for door contact detection.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Black and green</td>
<td>PUSH1</td>
<td>Door open button of door No.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Black and brown</td>
<td>DOOR1_COM</td>
<td>Lock control common port.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Black and yellow</td>
<td>DOOR1_NO</td>
<td>Lock control normally open port.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Black and purple</td>
<td>DOOR1_NC</td>
<td>Lock control normally closed port.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### 2.2 Installation

Installation methods of all controllers are the same. Make sure that the distance between the lens and ground is 1.4 meters. See Figure 2-1.
Installation Procedure

**Step 1** Drill seven holes (six bracket installation holes and one cable entry) in the wall according to holes in the bracket.

**Step 2** Fix the bracket on the wall by installing the expansion screws into the six bracket installation holes.

**Step 3** Connect cables for access controller.
   See "2.1 Cable Connections."

**Step 4** Hang the access controller on the bracket hook.

**Step 5** Tighten the screws at the bottom of the access controller.

**Step 6** The installation is completed.
3 System Operation

3.1 Initialization

Administrator password and an email should be set the first time the access controller is turned on; otherwise the access controller cannot be used.

Figure 3-1 Initialization

- Administrator and password set on this interface are used to log in to the web management platform.
- The administrator password can be reset through the email address you entered if the administrator forgets the administrator password.
- The password should consist of 8 to 32 non-blank characters and contain at least two types of characters among upper case, lower case, number, and special character (excluding "", ; , &).

3.2 Standby Interface

You can unlock the door through faces, passwords, cards and fingerprints. See Table 3-1.

If there are no operations in 30 seconds, the access controller will go to the standby mode.
Figure 3-2 Homepage
### 3.3 Unlocking Methods

You can unlock the door through faces, passwords, fingerprints, and cards.

#### 3.3.1 Cards

Put the card at the card swiping area to unlock the door.

#### 3.3.2 Face

Make sure that your face is centered on the face recognition frame, and then you can unlock the door.

#### 3.3.3 Fingerprints

Place your fingerprint at the fingerprint sensor to unlock the door.

#### 3.3.4 User Passwords

Enter the user passwords, and then you can unlock the door.

**Step 1** Tap ☑️ on the homepage.

**Step 2** Enter the User ID, and then tap ☑️.

**Step 3** Enter the User password, and then tap ☑️. The door is unlocked.
3.3.5 Administrator Password

Enter the administrator password, and then you can unlock the door. There is only one administrator password for one access controller. The administrator password can unlock the door without being subject to user levels, unlock modes, periods, holiday plans, and anti-passback.

Administrator password cannot be used when NC is selected at "3.6.1.5 NC Period."

**Step 1** Tap on the homepage.
**Step 2** Tap Please Enter Administrator PWD.

**Step 3** Enter the administrator password, and then tap ✓

The door is unlocked.

3.4 Main Menu

Administrators can add users of different levels, set access-related parameters, do network configuration, view access records and system information, and more in the main menu.

**Step 1** Tap on the standby interface.

The Administrator Login interface is displayed.

Different modes support different unlock methods, and the actual interface shall prevail.
Step 2  Select a main menu entering method.
The main menu interface is displayed.
3.5 User Management

You can add new users, view user lists, admin lists, and modify the administrator password on the User interface.

3.5.1 Adding New Users

You can add new users by entering user IDs, names, importing fingerprints, face images, cards, passwords, selecting user levels, and more.

The following figures are for reference only, and the actual interface shall prevail.

Step 1  Select User > New User.

The New User Info interface is displayed. See Figure 3-5.
Figure 3-5 New User Info

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>User ID</td>
<td>You can enter user IDs. The IDs can be numbers, letters, and their combinations, and the maximum length of the ID is 32 characters.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Name</td>
<td>You can enter names with at most 32 characters (including numbers, symbols, and letters).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FP</td>
<td>At most three fingerprints of one user can be recorded, and one fingerprints need to be verified three times. You can enable the Duress FP function under each fingerprint, and only one of the three fingerprints can be the duress fingerprint. Alarms will be triggered if a duress fingerprint is used to unlock the door.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>It is not recommended that you select the first fingerprint as the duress fingerprint.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Face</td>
<td>Make sure that your face is centered on the picture capturing frame and the access controller will take a picture of the new user’s face automatically. For details, see the Quick Start Guide.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Parameter Description

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Card</td>
<td>You can register five cards for each user. On the card registration interface, enter your card number or swipe your card, and then the card information will be read by the access controller. You can enable the <strong>Duress Card</strong> function on the card registration interface. Alarms will be triggered if a duress card is used to unlock the door. Only certain models support card unlock.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PWD</td>
<td>The door unlocking password. The maximum length of the ID digits is 8.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| User Level| You can select a user level for new users. There are two options:  
- User: Users only have door unlock authority.  
- Admin: Administrators can not only unlock the door but also have parameter configuration authority.  
No matter whether there is an administrator in the access controller, administrator identity authentication is needed. |
| Period    | You can set a period in which the user can unlock the door. |
| Holiday Plan | You can set a holiday plan in which the user can unlock the door. |
| Valid Date| You can set a period during which the unlocking information of the user is valid. |
| User Level| There are six levels:  
- General: General users can unlock the door normally.  
- Blacklist: When users in the blacklist unlock the door, service personnel will get a prompt.  
- Guest: Guests are allowed to unlock the door certain times. Once they exceed the maximum times, they cannot unlock the door again.  
- Patrol: Paroling users can get their attendance tracked, but they have no unlock authority.  
- VIP: When VIP unlocks the door, service personnel will get a prompt.  
- Disable: When the disabled unlock the door, there will be a delay of 5 seconds before the door is closed. |
| Use Time  | When the user level is Guest, you can set the maximum number of times that the user can unlock the door. |

**Step 3** After you have configured all the parameters, tap ✅ to save the configuration.

### 3.5.2 Viewing User information

You can view user list, admin list and enable administrator password through the User interface.

### 3.6 Access Management

You can do access management on period, unlock mode, alarm, door status, and lock holding time.

Tap **Access** to go to the access management interface.
3.6.1 Period Management

You can set periods, holiday periods, holiday plan periods, door normally on periods, door normally closed periods, and remote verification periods.

3.6.1.1 Period Config

You can configure 128 periods (weeks) whose number range is 0–127. You can set four periods on each day of a period (week). Users can only unlock the door in the periods that you set.

3.6.1.2 Holiday Group

You can set group holidays, and then you can set plans for holiday groups. You can configure 128 groups whose number range is 0–127. You can add 16 holidays into a group. Configure the start time and end time of a holiday group, and then users can only unlock the door in the periods that you set.

You can enter names with 32 characters (including numbers, symbols, and letters). Tap ✓ to save the holiday group name.

3.6.1.3 Holiday Plan

You can add holiday groups into holiday plans. You can use holiday plans to manage user access authority in different holiday groups. Users can only unlock the door in the period that you set.

3.6.1.4 NO Period

If a period is added to the NO period, then the door is normally open in that period.

The NO/NC period permissions are higher than permissions in other periods.

3.6.1.5 NC Period

If a period is added to the NC period, then the door is normally closed in that period. Users cannot unlock the door in this period.

3.6.1.6 Remote Verification Period

If you configured the remote verification period, then when unlock doors during the period you configured, remote verification is required. To unlock the door in this period, a door unlock instruction sent by the management platform is needed.

You need to enable the Remote Verification Period.
3.6.2 Unlock

There are three unlock modes: unlock mode, unlock by period, and group combination. Unlock modes vary with controller access models, and the actual controller access shall prevail.

3.6.2.1 Unlock Mode

When the Unlock Mode is on, users can unlock through cards, fingerprints, faces, passwords, or any one of all the unlocking methods.

Step 1 Select Assess > Unlock Mode > Unlock Mode.

The Element (Multiple Choice) interface is displayed. See Figure 3-6.

Figure 3-6 Element (multiple choice)

Step 2 Select unlock mode(s).

Tap a selected unlock mode again, the unlock mode will be deleted.

Step 3 Select a combination mode.
- **And** means "and". For example, if you selected card + FP, it means, to unlock the door, you need to swipe your card first, and then get your fingerprint scanned.
- **Or** means "or". For example, if you selected card/FP, it means, to unlock the door, you can either swipe your card or get your fingerprints scanned.

**Step 4**  Tap ✔️ to save the settings.

And then the **Unlock Mode** interface is displayed.

**Step 5**  Enable the Unlock Mode.

- means enabled.
- means not enabled.

### 3.6.2.2 Unlock by Period

Doors can be unlocked through different unlock modes in different periods. For example, in period 1, the door can only be unlocked through card; and in period 2, doors can only be locked through fingerprints.

**Step 1**  Select Assess > Unlock Mode > Unlock by Period.

The **Unlock Config by Period** interface is displayed. See Figure 3-7.

**Figure 3-7 Unlock by period**

**Step 2**  Set starting time and end time for a period, and then select a unlock mode.
Step 3  Tap ☑ to save the settings.

The Unlock Mode interface is displayed.

Step 4  Enable the Unlock by Period function.

- ⬜️ means enabled.
- ⬜️ means not enabled.

3.6.2.3 Group Combination

Doors can only be unlocked by a group or groups that consist of more than two users if the Group Combination is enabled.

Step 1  Select Assess > Unlock Mode > Group Combination.

The Group Combination Config interface is displayed. See Figure 3-8.

Figure 3-8 Group Combination

Step 2  Tap 📦 to create a group.

The Add Group interface is displayed. See Figure 3-9.

Figure 3-9 Add a group
## Table 3-3 Group parameter

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>User List</td>
<td>Add users to the newly created group. 1. Tap User List. The User List interface is displayed. 2. Tap , and then enter a user ID. 3. Tap to save the settings.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Unlock Mode</td>
<td>There are four options: Card, FP, PWD and Face.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Valid User</td>
<td>Valid users are the ones that have unlock authority. Doors can be unlocked only when the number of users to unlock the doors equals the valid user number. • Valid users cannot exceed the total number of users in a group. • If valid users equal total user numbers in a group, doors can only be unlocked by all the users in the group. • If valid users are less than the total number of users in a group, doors can be unlocked by any users whose number equals the valid user number.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Step 3** Tap to go back to the previous interface.  
**Step 4** Tap to save the settings.  
**Step 5** Enable the Group Combination.  
- means enabled.  
- means not enabled.

### 3.6.3 Alarm Configuration

Administrators can manage visitors' unlock authority through alarm configuration.  
Select Access > Alarm. The Alarm interface is displayed. See Figure 3-10.

![Figure 3-10 Alarm](image-url)
- means enabled.
- means not enabled.

Table 3-4 Parameters on the alarm interface

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| Anti-passback          | • If a person unlocks the door with the identity checked by the access controller, but when the person gets out without getting the identity checked by the access controller, an alarm will be triggered and the person will have no authority to unlock the door any more.  
• If a person gets inside a building or a room without swiping the card, and the person swiped the card to get out, then the person will have no authority to unlock the door any more. |
| Duress                 | An alarm will be triggered when a duress card, duress password, or duress fingerprint is used to unlock the door.                             |
| Illegal Card Exceeding Time | After an unauthorized card is used to unlock the door more than 5 times in 50 seconds, an alarm will be triggered.                                      |
| Intrusion              | An intrusion alarm will be triggered if a door is unlocked without having the door contact released.                                             |
| Door Sensor Timeout    | A timeout alarm will be triggered if the time that a user takes to unlock the door exceeds the Door Sensor Timeout time.  
The Door Sensor Timeout time range is 1–9999 seconds. |
| Door Sensor On         | Only when the Door Sensor On is enabled can the intrusion alarm and door sensor timeout alarm be triggered.                                  |

3.6.4 Door Status

There are three options: NO, NC, and Normal.
- NO: If NO is selected, the door status is normally open, which means the door will never be closed.
- NC: If NC is selected, the door status is normally closed, which means the door will not be unlocked.
- Normal: If Normal is selected, the door will be unlocked and locked depending on your settings.

3.6.5 Lock Holding Time

Lock Holding Time is the duration in which the lock is unlocked. If the lock has been unlocked for a period that exceeds the duration, the lock will be automatically locked.

3.7 Network Communication

To make the access controller work normally, you need to configure parameters for network, serial ports and Wiegand ports.
3.7.1 IP Address

3.7.1.1 IP Configuration

Configure an IP address for the access controller to make it be connected to the network. See Figure 3-11 and Table 3-5.

![Figure 3-11 IP address configuration](image)

Table 3-5 IP configuration parameters

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>IP Address/Subnet Mask/Gateway IP Address</td>
<td>The IP address, subnet mask, and gateway IP address should be on the same network segment. After configuration, tap to save the configurations.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DHCP</td>
<td>DHCP (Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol). When the DHCP is enabled, the IP address can be automatically acquired, and the IP address, subnet mask and gateway IP address cannot be manually configured.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>P2P</td>
<td>P2P is a private network traversal technology which enables user to manage devices without requiring DDNS, port mapping or transit server.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

3.7.1.2 Active Register

By active registering, you can connect the access controller to the management platform, and then you can manage the access controller through the management platform.

⚠️ Configurations you have made can be cleared on the managing platform, and the access controller can be initialized, you need to protect the platform managing authority in case of data loss caused by misoperation.

For active register parameter, see Table 3-6.
Table 3-6 Active register

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Parameter</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Server IP Address</td>
<td>IP address of the managing platform.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Port</td>
<td>Port number of the managing platform.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Device ID</td>
<td>Subordinate device number on the managing platform.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

3.7.1.3 Wi-Fi

You can connect the access controller to the network through Wi-Fi if the access controller has Wi-Fi function.

3.7.2 Serial Port Settings

Select serial input or serial output according to the entering direction and exiting direction. Select Connection > Serial Port, and then the Serial Port interface is displayed. See Figure 3-12.

![Figure 3-12 Serial port]

- Select **Serial Input** when external devices that are with card reading and writing functions are connected to the access controller. **Serial Input** is selected to enable access card information to be sent to the access controller and the management platform.

- For access controllers with face recognition, fingerprint recognition, card reading and writing functions, if you select **Serial Output**, access controller will send lock/unlock information to the access controller. There are two types of lock/unlock information:
  
  ◦   **User ID**
  ◦   **Card No.**

- Select **OSDP Input** when card reader of OSDP protocol is connected to the access controller. The access controller can send card information to the management platform.

This access controller cannot be connected to other devices as a card reader.

3.7.3 Wiegand Configuration

Select **Weigand Input** or **Weigand Output** according to the entering direction and exiting direction. Select Connection > Weigand, and then the Weigand interface is displayed. See Figure 3-13.
• Select **Weigand Input** when an external card swipe mechanism is connected to the access controller.

• Select **Weigand Output** when the access controller works as a reader that can be connected to the controller. See Table 3-7.

### Table 3-7 Weigand output

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Weigand output type</td>
<td>The Weigand Output Type determines the card number or the digit of the number than can be recognized by the access controller.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Weigand26, three bytes, six digits.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Weigand34, four bytes, eight digits.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Weigand66, eight bytes, sixteen digits.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pulse Width</td>
<td>You can set pulse width and pulse interval.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pulse Interval</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Output Data Type</td>
<td>You can select the types of output data.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• User ID: If User ID is selected, and then user ID will be output.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Card No.: If Card No. is selected, and then card number will be output.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

This access controller cannot be connected to other devices as a card reader.

### 3.8 System

#### 3.8.1 Time

You can do date format setting, date setting, time setting, DST setting, NTP check, and time zone settings.

- When you select Network Time Protocol (NTP), you need to enable the NTP Check function first. Server IP Address: enter the IP address of the time server, time of the access controller will be synchronized with the time server.
- Port: Enter the port number of the time server.
- Interval (min): NPT check interval. Tap the save icon to save.
3.8.2 Face Parameter

Figure 3-14 Face parameter

Table 3-8 Face parameter

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Face Recognition Threshold</td>
<td>Face recognition accuracy can be adjusted. The larger the value is,</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>the higher the accuracy will be.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Max. Angle of Face Recognition</td>
<td>You can set the control panel shooting angle of profiles. The larger</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>the value is, the wider range of the profiles will be recognized.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pupillary Distance</td>
<td>Pupillary distance is the pixel value of the image between the centers</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>of the pupils in each eye. You need to set an appropriate value so</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>that the access controller can recognize faces as needed. The value</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>changes according to the face sizes and the distance between faces and</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>the lens. The closer the face is to the lens, the greater the value</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>should be. If an adult is 1.5 meters away from the lens, the pupillary</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>distance value can be within 50 to 70.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Recognition Timeout</td>
<td>When a person who does not have the access authority stands in front of the</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>access controller and gets the face recognized, the controller will prompt</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>that face recognition failed. The prompt interval is called recognition</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>timeout.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Recognition Interval</td>
<td>When a person who has the access authority stands in front of the access</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>controller and gets the face recognized, the controller will prompt that</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>face recognition succeeded. The prompt interval is the recognition interval.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Anti-fake Threshold</td>
<td>This function prevents people from unlocking by human face images or face</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>models. The larger the value is, the more difficult face images can unlock</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>the door. The recommended value range is above 80.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

3.8.3 Fill Light Mode Setting

You can select fill light modes according to your needs. There are three modes:
● Auto: When the photo sensor detects that the ambient environment is not dark, the fill light is normally off; otherwise, the fill light will be on.
● NO: The fill light is normally on.
● NC: The fill light is normally closed.

### 3.8.4 Fill Light Brightness Setting

You can select fill light brightness according to your needs.

### 3.8.5 Volume Adjustment

Tap [−] or [+] to adjust the volume.

### 3.8.6 IR Light Brightness Adjustment

The larger the value is, the clearer the images will be; otherwise the unclearer the images will be.

### 3.8.7 FP Parameter

Set the fingerprint accuracy level. The higher the level is, the lower the false recognition rate will be.

### 3.8.8 Restore to Factory Settings

![Warning]

- Data will be lost if you restore the access controller to the factory settings.
- After the access controller is restored to the factory settings, IP address will not be changed.

You can select whether to retained user information and logs.
- You can select to restore the access controller to the factory settings with all user information and device information deleted.
- You can select to restore the access controller to the factory settings with user information and device information retained.

### 3.8.9 Reboot

Select Setting > Reboot, tap Reboot, and the access controller will be rebooted.
3.9 USB

⚠️

- Make sure that the USB is inserted before exporting user information and updating. During exporting or updating, do not pull out the USB or do other operations; otherwise the exporting or updating will fail.
- You need to import information from one access controller to the USB before using USB to import information to another access controller.
- USB can also be used to update the program.

3.9.1 USB Export

You can export data from the access controller to the USB after inserting the USB. The data exported is encrypted and cannot be edited.

**Step 1** Select **USB > USB Export**.

The USB Export interface is displayed. See Figure 3-15.

**Step 2** Select the data type that you want to export.

The prompt Confirm to export is displayed.

**Step 3** Tap **OK**.

Data exported will be saved in the USB.
3.9.2 USB Import

Only data in the USB that was exported from one access controller can be imported into another access controller.

Step 1  Select USB > USB Import.

The USB Import interface is displayed. See Figure 3-16.

![Figure 3-16 USB Import](image)

Step 2  Select the data type that you want to import.

The prompt Confirm to import is displayed.

Step 3  Tap OK.

Data in the USB will be imported into the access controller.

3.9.3 USB Update

USB can be used to update the system.

Step 1  Rename the updating file name to "update.bin", and save the "update.bin" file in the root directory of the USB.

Step 2  Select USB > USB Update.

The prompt Confirm to Update is displayed.

Step 3  Tap OK.

The update starts, and the access controller reboots after the update is finished.

3.9.4 Features

You can do settings about privacies, card number reverse, security module, door sensor type, and result feedback. For details of the functions mentioned, see Figure 3-17 and Table 3-9.
### Table 3-9 Feature description

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Privacy Setting</td>
<td>See &quot;3.9.5 Privacy Setting&quot; for details.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Card No. Reverse</td>
<td>If the third party card reader needs to be connected to the access controller through the wiegand output port, you need to enable the Card No. Reverse function; otherwise the communication between the access controller and the third party card reader might fail due to protocol discrepancy.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| Security Module    | • If the security module is enabled, you need to purchase access control security module separately. The security module needs separate power supply to provide power.  
• Once the security module is enabled, the exit button, lock control and firefighting linkage will be invalid. |
| Door Sensor Type   | There are two options: **NO** and **NC**.                                                                                                     |
| Result Feedback    | Displays whether the unlock succeeded or failed.                                                                                             |
3.9.5 Privacy Setting

Table 3-10 Features

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>PWD Reset Enable</td>
<td>If the <strong>PWD Reset Enable</strong> function is enabled, you can reset the password. The PWD Reset function is enabled by default.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HTTPS</td>
<td>Hypertext Transfer Protocol Secure (HTTPS) is a protocol for secure communication over a computer network. When HTTPS is enabled, HTTPS will be used to access CGI commands; otherwise HTTP will be used. When HTTPS is enabled, the access controller will restart automatically.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CGI</td>
<td>Common Gateway Interface (CGI) offers a standard protocol for web servers to execute programs that execute like console applications running on a server that generates web pages dynamically. When CGI is enabled, CGI commands can be used. The CGI is enabled by default.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SSH</td>
<td>Secure Shell (SSH) is a cryptographic network protocol for operating network services securely over an unsecured network. When SSH is enabled, SSH provides cryptographic service for the data transmission.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Parameter</td>
<td>Description</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>---------------------------</td>
<td>---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FP</td>
<td>If you select OFF for Fingerprint (FP), users’ fingerprint information will not be displayed when they get fingerprints recorded or when they use fingerprints to unlock the door.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Capture photo</td>
<td>If you select ON, when a user unlocks the door, the user’s photo will be automatically taken. This function is ON by default.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clear all captured photos</td>
<td>Tap the icon, and you can delete all captured photos.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### 3.9.6 Result Feedback

You can select a result feedback mode as needed.

**Mode 1**

![Figure 3-19 Mode 1](image)
Mode 2

Figure 3-20 Mode 2

Mode 3

Figure 3-21 Mode 3
Mode 4

Figure 3-22 Mode 4

3.10 Record

You can query all unlocking records.
3.11 Auto Test

When you use the access controller for the first time or when the access controller malfunctioned, you can use auto test function to check whether the access controller can work normally. Do actions according to the prompts.
When you select **Auto Test**, the access controller will guide you to do all the auto tests.

### 3.12 System Info

You can view data capacity, device version, and firmware information of the access controller on the **System Info** interface.
The access controller can be configured and operated on the web. Through the web you can set network parameters, video parameters, and access controller parameters; and you can also maintain and update the system.

4.1 Initialization

You need to set a password and an email address before logging in to the web for the first time.

**Step 1** Open IE web browser, and enter the IP address (the default address is 192.168.1.108) of the access controller in the address bar, and then press Enter.

The **Initialization** interface is displayed. See Figure 4-1.

Use browser newer than IE 8, otherwise you might not log in to the web.

![Figure 4-1 Initialization](image)

**Step 2** Enter the new password, confirm password, enter an email address, and then tap **Next**.

- For security, keep the password properly after initialization and change the password regularly.
- The password should consist of 8 to 32 non-blank characters and contain at least two types of characters among upper case, lower case, number, and special character (excluding " " ; : &). Set a password of high security level according to the password strength prompt.
- When you need to reset the administrator password by scanning the QR code, you need an email address to receive the security code.

**Step 3** Click **Next**.

The **Auto Check** interface is displayed. See Figure 4-2.
You can decide whether to select **Auto Check** or not.

It is recommended that **Auto Check** be selected to get the latest program in time.

The configuration is finished. See Figure 4-3.

Step 5  Click Next.

Figure 4-3 Finished configuration

Click **Complete**, and the initialization is completed.

The web login interface is displayed.

4.2 Login

Step 1  Open IE web browser, enter the IP address of the access controller in the address bar,
and press **Enter**.

**Figure 4-4 Login**

---

**Step 2** Enter the user name and password.

- The default administrator name is **admin**, and the password is the login password after initializing the access controller. Modify the administrator regularly and keep it properly for the sake of security.
- If you forget the administrator login password, you can click **Forgot password?** to reset it. See "4.3 Reset the Password."

**Step 3** Click **Login**.

The web interface is logged in.

---

### 4.3 Reset the Password

When resetting the password of the admin account, your email address will be needed.

**Step 1** Click **Forgot password?** on the login interface.

The **Tips** interface is displayed.
Step 2  Read the tips.

Step 3  Click OK.

The **Reset Password** interface is displayed.

Figure 4-6 Reset Password

Step 4  Scan the QR code on the interface, and you will get the security code.

⚠️

- At most two security codes will be generated by scanning the same QR code. If security codes become invalid, to get more security codes, refresh the QR code.
- You need to send the content you get after you scanned the QR code to the designated email address, and then you will get the security code.
• Please use the security code within 24 hours after you receive it. Otherwise, it will become invalid.
• If wrong security codes are entered for consecutive five times, the administrator will be frozen for five minutes.

Step 5 Enter the security code you have received.
Step 6 Click Next.
   The **Reset Password** interface is displayed.
Step 7 Reset and confirm the new password.
   The password should consist of 8 to 32 non-blank characters and contain at least two types of characters among upper case, lower case, number, and special character (excluding '" ; : &).
Step 8 Click OK, and the reset is completed.

4.4 Alarm Linkage

4.4.1 Setting Alarm Linkage

Alarm input devices can be connected to the access controller, and you can modify the alarm linkage parameter as needed.

Step 1 Select **Alarm Linkage** on the navigation bar.
   The **Alarm Linkage** interface is displayed. See Figure 4-7.

Step 2 Click , and then you can modify alarm linkage parameters. See Figure 4-8.
Figure 4-8 Modifying alarm linkage parameter

Table 4-1 Alarm linkage parameter description

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Alarm Input</td>
<td>You cannot modify the value. Keep it default.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Name</td>
<td>Enter a zone name.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Alarm Input Type</td>
<td>There are two options: NO and NC. If alarm input type of the alarm device</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>you purchased is NO, then you should select NO; otherwise you should select</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>NC.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fire Link Enable</td>
<td>If fire link is enabled the access controller will output alarms when fire</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>alarms are triggered. The alarm details will be displayed in the alarm log.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Alarm output and access link are NO by default if fire link is enabled.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Alarm Output Enable</td>
<td>The relay can output alarm information (will be sent to the management</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>platform) if the Alarm Output is enabled.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Duration (Sec.)</td>
<td>The alarm duration, and the range is 1–300 seconds.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Alarm Output Channel</td>
<td>You can select an alarm output channel according to the alarming device</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>that you have installed. Each alarm device can be regarded as a channel.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Access Link Enable</td>
<td>After the Access Link is enabled, the access controller will be normally</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>on or normally closed when there are input alarm signals.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Channel Type</td>
<td>There are two options: NO and NC.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Step 3  Click OK, and then the configuration is completed.

The configuration on the web will be synchronized with the configuration in the client if the access controller is added to a client.
4.4.2 Alarm Log

You can view the alarm type and time range in the **Alarm Log** interface.

**Step 1**  Select **Alarm Linkage > Alarm Log**.

The **Alarm Log** interface is displayed. See Figure 4-9.

**Figure 4-9 Alarm log**

**Step 2**  Select a time range and alarm type, and then click **Query**.

The query results are displayed. See Figure 4-10.

**Figure 4-10 Query results**

4.5 Data Capacity

You can see how many users, cards, face images, and fingerprints the access controller can hold on the **Data Capacity** interface.
4.6 Video Setting

You can set parameters including data rate, image parameters (brightness, contrast, hue, saturation, and more), and exposure on the Video Setting interface.

4.6.1 Data Rate

Table 4-2 Data rate parameter description

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Video Standard</td>
<td>There are two options: NTSC and PAL. Select a standard according to the video standard of your region.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Channel</td>
<td>There are two options: 1 and 2. 1 is white light camera and 2 is IR light camera.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Main Format Video Format</td>
<td>There are four options: D1, VGA, 720p and 1080p. Select an option according to the video quality you want.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Frame Rate</td>
<td>The rate at which consecutive frames appear on a display. The frame rate range is 1–25fps.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### 4.6.2 Image

There are two channels, and you need to configure parameters for each channel.

**Step 1** Select **Video Setting > Video Setting > Image**.

![Image](https://example.com/image.png)

**Step 2** Select Wide Dynamic in the Backlight Mode.

#### Table 4-3 Image parameter description

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Brightness</td>
<td>The larger the value is, the brighter the images will be.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Contrast</td>
<td>Contrast is the difference in luminance or color that makes an object distinguishable. The larger the contrast value is, the greater the brightness and color contrast will be.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hue</td>
<td>The larger the value is, the deeper the color will be.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Saturation</td>
<td>The larger the value is, the brighter the colors will be. The value does not change image brightness.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Scene Mode
- **Close:** Without modes.
- **Auto:** The system automatically adjusts scene modes.
- **Sunny:** In this mode, image hue will be reduced.
- **Night:** In this mode, image hue will be increased.

*Sunny is selected by default.*

### Day/Night Mode
Day/Night mode decides the working status of the fill light.
- **Auto:** The system automatically adjusts the day/night modes.
- **Colorful:** In this mode, images are with colors.
- **Black and white:** In this mode, images are in black and white.

### Back Light Mode
- **Close:** Without back light.
- **BLC:** Backlight compensation corrects regions with extremely high or low levels of light to maintain a normal and usable level of light for the object in focus.
- **WDR:** In the wide dynamic range mode, the system dims bright areas and compensates dark areas to ensure the definition of objects in the bright areas and dark areas.

When human faces are in the backlight, you need to enable the Wide Dynamic.
- **HLC:** Highlight compensation is needed to compensate for overexposure of highlights or strong light sources like spotlights, headlights, porch lights, etc. to create an image that is usable and not overtaken by a bright light.

### Mirror
When the function is enabled, images will be displayed with left and right side reversed.

### Flip
When this function is enabled, videos can be flipped over.

### 4.6.3 Exposure

For exposure parameter descriptions, see Table 4-4.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| **Anti-flicker** | - 50Hz: When the utility frequency of alternating current is 50Hz, the exposure is automatically adjusted to make sure that there are no stripes on images.  
- 60Hz: When the utility frequency of alternating current is 60Hz, the exposure is automatically adjusted to make sure that there are no stripes on images.  
- Outdoor: When **Outdoor** is selected, the exposure mode can be switched. |

Table 4-4 Exposure parameter description
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| Exposure Mode | - When you select **Outdoor** in the Anti-flicker drop-down list, you can select **Shutter Priority** as the exposure mode.  
- Exposure modes of different devices might vary, and the actual product shall prevail.  
You can select from:  
  - Auto: The access controller will automatically adjust brightness of images.  
  - Shutter Priority: The access controller will adjust image brightness according to shutter exposure value range. If the image brightness is not enough and the shutter value has reached upper or lower limit, the access controller will adjust gain value automatically to get ideal brightness.  
  - Manual: You can configure gain and shutter value manually to adjust image brightness. |
| Shutter       | The larger the shutter value is and the shorter the exposure time is, the darker the images will be.                                           |
| Shutter Value Range | If you select **Customized Range**, you can customize the shutter value range.                                                                |
| Gain Value Range | When the gain value range is set, video quality will be improved.                                                                         |
| Exposure Compensation | You can increase video brightness by adjusting exposure compensation value.                                                                 |
| 3D NR         | When 3D Noise Reduction (RD) is enabled, video noise can be reduced, and high definition videos will be produced.                          |
| Grade         | You can adjust the value of the 3D NR when 3D NR is enabled.  
The larger the value is, the less the noise there will be.                                |

### 4.6.4 Motion Detection

Set a range in which moving objects can be detected.

**Step 1** Select **Video Setting > Video Setting > Motion Detection**.

The **Motion Detection** interface is displayed. See Figure 4-14.
Step 2 Press and hold the left mouse button, and then drag the mouse in the red area. The Motion Detection area is displayed. See Figure 4-15.

- The red rectangles are motion detection area. The default motion detection range is all the rectangles.
- To draw a motion detection area, you need to click Remove All first.
- The motion detection area you draw will be a non-motion detection area if you draw in the default motion detection area.

Step 3 Click OK to finish the setting.

4.6.5 Volume Setting

You can adjust volume of the access controller speaker.
4.6.6 Image Mode

There are three options: indoor, outdoor and other. Select **Indoor** when the access controller is installed indoors; select **Outdoor** when the access controller is installed outdoors; and select **Other** when the access controller is installed at places with backlights like corridors and hallways.

4.7 Face Detect

You can configure human face related parameters on this interface to increase the accuracy of the face recognition.

**Step 1** Select **Face Detect**.

The **Face Detect** interface is displayed. See Figure 4-18.
Configure parameters. See Table 4-5.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Face Recognition Threshold</td>
<td>The larger the value is, the higher the accuracy will be.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Max. Angle of Face Recognition</td>
<td>The larger the angle is, the wider range of the profiles will be recognized.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Anti-fake Threshold</td>
<td>There are two options: <strong>Enable</strong> and <strong>Close</strong>.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fill Light Brightness Setting</td>
<td>You can set fill light brightness.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fill Light Mode Setting</td>
<td>There are three fill light modes.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- NO: Fill light is normally on.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- NC: Fill light is normally closed.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Auto: Fill light will be automatically on when a motion detection event is triggered.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>When Auto</strong> is selected, the fill light will not be on even if Infrared Light value is greater than 19.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Infrared Light</td>
<td>Adjust IR brightness by dragging the scroll bar.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Recognition Timeout</td>
<td>When a person who does not have the access authority stands in front of the access controller and gets the face recognized, the controller will prompt that face recognition failed. The prompt interval is called recognition timeout.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Invalid Face Prompt Interval</td>
<td>When a face has no access authority stands in front of the access controller, the controller will prompt that the face is invalid. The prompt interval is invalid face prompt interval.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pupillary Distance</td>
<td>Pupillary distance is the pixel value of the image between the centers of the pupils in each eye. You need to set an appropriate value so that the</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Parameter</td>
<td>Description</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-------------------</td>
<td>--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>access controller</td>
<td>The value changes according to the face sizes and the distance between faces and the lens. The closer the face is to the lens, the greater the value should be. If an adult is 1.5 meters away from the lens, the pupillary distance value can be within 50 to 70.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Enable Face Exposure</td>
<td>After face exposure is enabled, human face will be clearer when the access controller is installed outdoors.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Channel Id</td>
<td>There are two options: 1 and 2. 1 is white light camera and 2 is IR light camera.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Draw Target</td>
<td>Click Draw Target, and then you can draw the minimum face detection frame. Click Remove All, and you can remove all the frames you drew.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Detect Region</td>
<td>Click Detect Region, move your mouse, and you can adjust the face detection region.  Click Remove All, and you can remove all the detection regions.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Step 3**  Click OK to finish the setting.

### 4.8 Network Setting

#### 4.8.1 TCP/IP

You need to configure IP address and DNS server to make sure that the access controller can communicate with other devices.

**Precondition**

Make sure that the access controller is connected to the network correctly.

**Step 1**  Select Network Setting > TCP/IP.
Step 2  Configure parameters.

Table 4-6 TCP/IP

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>IP Version</td>
<td>There is one option: IPv4.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MAC Address</td>
<td>MAC address of the access controller is displayed.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mode</td>
<td>Static</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Set IP address, subnet mask, and gateway address manually.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>DHCP</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>◇ After DHCP is enabled, IP address, subnet mask, and gateway address cannot be configured.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>◇ If DHCP is effective, IP address, subnet mask, and gateway address will be displayed automatically; if DHCP is not effective, IP address, subnet mask, and gateway address will all be zero.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>◇ If you want to see the default IP when DHCP is effective, you need to disable DHCP.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Link-local address</td>
<td>Link-local address is only available when IPv6 is selected in the IP version. Unique link-local addresses will be assigned to network interface controller in each local area network to enable communications. The link-local address cannot be modified.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IP Address</td>
<td>Enter IP address, and then configure subnet mask and gateway address.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Subnet Mask</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Default Gateway</td>
<td>IP address and gateway address must be in the same network segment.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Preferred Server DNS Server</td>
<td>Set IP address of the preferred DNS server.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Alternate Server DNS Server</td>
<td>Set IP address of the alternate DNS server.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Step 3  Click OK to complete the setting.
4.8.2 Port

Set the maximum connections clients that the access controller can be connected to and port numbers.

Step 1  Select **Network Setting > Port**.

  The **Port** interface is displayed.

Step 2  Configure port numbers. See the following table.

  ![Port interface]

  Except max connection, you need to reboot the access controller to make the configuration effective after modifying values.
### 4.8.3 Register

When connected to external network, the access controller will report its address to the server that is designated by the user so that clients can get access to the access controller.

**Step 1** Select **Network Setting > Auto Register**.

The Auto Register interface is displayed.

**Step 2** Select **Enable**, and enter host IP, port, and sub device ID.

**Table 4-8 Auto register description**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Host IP</td>
<td>Server IP address or server domain name.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Port</td>
<td>Server port used for auto registration.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sub Device ID</td>
<td>Access controller ID assigned by the server.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Step 3** Click **OK** to complete the setting.

### 4.8.4 P2P

Peer-to-peer computing or networking is a distributed application architecture that partitions tasks or workloads between peers. Users can download mobile application by scanning QR code, and then register an account so that more than one access controller can be managed on the mobile app. You do not need to apply dynamic domain name, do port mapping or do not need transit server.

⚠️ If you are to use P2P, you must connect the access controller to external network; otherwise the access controller cannot be used.
Select Network Setting > P2P.

The P2P interface is displayed.

Step 2 Select Enable to enable P2P function.

Step 3 Click OK to complete the setting.

Scan the QR code on your web interface to get the serial number of the access controller.

4.9 Safety Management

4.9.1 IP Authority
Select a cyber security mode as needed.

4.9.2 Systems

4.9.2.1 System Service

There are four options: SSH, PWD Reset Enable, CGI, and HTTPS. Refer to "3.9.4 Features" to select one or more than one of them.

The system service configuration done on the web page and the configuration on the Features interface of the access controller will be synchronized.

4.9.2.2 Create Server Certificate

Click Create Server Certificate, enter needed information, click Save, and then the access controller will reboot.

4.9.2.3 Download Root Certificate

Step 1 Click Download Root Certificate.
Select a path to save the certificate on the Save File dialog box.

Step 2 Double-click on the Root Certificate that you have downloaded to install the certificate.
Install the certificate by following the onscreen instructions.

4.9.3 User Management

You can add and delete users, modify users’ passwords, and enter an email address for resetting the password when you forget your password.
4.9.3.1 Add Users

Click **Add** on the **User Mgmt.** interface to add users, and then enter username, password, confirmed password, and remark. Click **OK** to complete the user adding.

4.9.3.2 Modify User Information

You can modify user information by clicking 🗖️ on the **User Mgmt.** interface. See Figure 4-23.

![User Mgmt. Interface](image)

4.9.4 Maintenance

You can make the access controller reboot itself in idle time to improve the running speed of the access controller. You need to set the auto reboot date and time.

The default reboot time is at 2 O’clock in the morning on Tuesday. Click **Reboot Device**, the access controller will reboot immediately. Click **OK**, the access controller will reboot at 2 O’clock in the morning every Tuesday. See Figure 4-24.

![Maintenance Interface](image)

4.9.5 Configuration Management

When more than one access controller needs the same configuration, you can configure parameters for them by importing or exporting configuration files. See Figure 4-25.
4.9.6 Upgrade

You can select Auto Check to upgrade the system automatically. You can also select Manual Check to upgrade the system manually.

4.9.7 Version Information

You can view information including MAC address, serial number, MCU version, web version, security baseline version, and system version.

4.9.8 Online User

You can view username, IP address, and user login time on the Online User interface. See Figure 4-26.
4.10 System Log

You can view and backup the system log on the System Log interface. See Figure 4-27.

Figure 4-27 System log

4.10.1 Querying Logs

Select a time range and its type, click Query, and logs meet the conditions will be displayed.

4.10.2 Backing up Logs

Click Backup to back up the logs displayed.

4.11 Admin Log

Enter Admin ID on the Admin Log interface, click Query, and then you will see the administrator’s operation records. See Figure 4-28.
Hover the mouse cursor over , and then you can see detailed information of the current user.

4.12 Exit

Click , click OK, and then you will log out the web interface.
You can do access permission configuration to a single door or door groups through the Smart PSS client. For detailed configurations, see the Smart PSS user manual.

Smart PSS interfaces might vary with versions, and the actual interface shall prevail.

### 5.1 Login

Install the Smart PSS (the default username is admin, and the default password is admin123), double-click to operate it. Follow the instructions to finish the initialization and log in.

### 5.2 Adding Devices

You need to add access controllers to the Smart PSS. You can click **Auto Search** to add and click **Add** to manually add devices.

#### 5.2.1 Auto Search

You can search and add access controllers at the same network segment to the Smart PSS. See Figure 5-1 and Figure 5-2.

![Figure 5-1 Devices](image)
Click **Auto Search**, enter the network segment, and then click Search. A list will be displayed.

Select access controllers that you want to add to the Smart PSS, and then click Add, the Login information dialog box will be displayed.

Enter the username and the login password to login.

You can see the added access controller on the **Devices** interface.

Select an access controller, click **Modify IP**, and you can modify the access controller’s IP address. For details about IP address modification, see Smart PSS user manual.

### 5.2.2 Manual Add

You need to know IP addresses and domain names of access controllers that you want to add. See Figure 5-3 and Figure 5-4.
Step 1. Click **Add** on the Devices interface, and the Manual Add interface will be displayed.

Step 2. Enter the Device Name, select a method to add, enter the IP/Domain Name, Port number (37777 by default), Group Name, User Name, and Password.

Step 3. Click **Add**, and then you can see the added access controller on the Devices interface.

5.3 Adding Users

Users are bound with cards. After you have added users to the Smart PSS, you can configure users access permissions on the **New > Access**. See Figure 5-5.
5.3.1 Card Type Selection

Card types must be the same as card issuer types; otherwise card numbers cannot be read.

On the **Access** interface, click , then click the IC or ID card icon, and then select a card type. There are two options: ID Card and IC Card. See Figure 5-6 and Figure 5-7.
5.3.2 Adding One User

You can add users one by one.

On the Access interface, click , then click , and then enter user’s information. Click Finish to complete the user adding. See Figure 5-8 and Figure 5-9.
5.4 Adding Door Group

You can manage doors by grouping doors.
On the **Access** interface, click ![icon] **Add**, enter door group name, and then select a time zone. Click **Finish** to complete the user adding. See Figure 5-10 and Figure 5-11.

Figure 5-10 Access
5.5 Access Permission Configuration

You can do access permission configuration. There are two options: door group access permission and user access permission. Information of users who are given access permission in the Smart PSS and access controllers will be synchronized.

5.5.1 Giving Permission by Door Group

Select a door group, add users to the door list, and then users on the door list get access permissions of all doors on the door list. See Figure 5-12 and Figure 5-13.
Step 1  On the **Access** interface, click the add icon, click **Add**, and click **Door Group Permission**.

Step 2  Click the add icon. Select user department in the dropdown list, or enter user **ID/Name**, and
then search users. Select users from the users you found.

**Step 3**  Click **Finish** to complete the configuration.

Users without user ID cannot be found.

### 5.5.2 Giving Permission by User ID

You can give access permission to a user by selecting a user, and then select door groups for the user. See Figure 5-14 and Figure 5-15.

![Figure 5-14 Access](image)
Step 1  On the **Access** interface, click .

Step 2  Click . The Select Door Group interface is displayed.

Step 3  Select user department in the dropdown list, or enter user ID/Name, and then select a door list.

Step 4  Click Finish to complete the configuration.
Cybersecurity Recommendations

Appendix 1 Cybersecurity Recommendations

Cybersecurity is more than just a buzzword: it’s something that pertains to every device that is connected to the internet. IP video surveillance is not immune to cyber risks, but taking basic steps toward protecting and strengthening networks and networked appliances will make them less susceptible to attacks. Below are some tips and recommendations on how to create a more secured security system.

Mandatory actions to be taken for basic equipment network security:

1. Use Strong Passwords
   Please refer to the following suggestions to set passwords:
   - The length should not be less than 8 characters;
   - Include at least two types of characters; character types include upper and lower case letters, numbers and symbols;
   - Do not contain the account name or the account name in reverse order;
   - Do not use continuous characters, such as 123, abc, etc.;
   - Do not use overlapped characters, such as 111, aaa, etc.;

2. Update Firmware and Client Software in Time
   - According to the standard procedure in Tech-industry, we recommend to keep your equipment (such as NVR, DVR, IP camera, etc.) firmware up-to-date to ensure the system is equipped with the latest security patches and fixes. When the equipment is connected to the public network, it is recommended to enable the "auto-check for updates" function to obtain timely information of firmware updates released by the manufacturer.
   - We suggest that you download and use the latest version of client software.

"Nice to have" recommendations to improve your equipment network security:

1. Physical Protection
   We suggest that you perform physical protection to equipment, especially storage devices. For example, place the equipment in a special computer room and cabinet, and implement well-done access control permission and key management to prevent unauthorized personnel from carrying out physical contacts such as damaging hardware, unauthorized connection of removable equipment (such as USB flash disk, serial port), etc.

2. Change Passwords Regularly
   We suggest that you change passwords regularly to reduce the risk of being guessed or cracked.

3. Set and Update Passwords Reset Information Timely
   The equipment supports password reset function. Please set up related information for password reset in time, including the end user’s mailbox and password protection questions. If the information changes, please modify it in time. When setting password protection questions, it is suggested not to use those that can be easily guessed.

4. Enable Account Lock
   The account lock feature is enabled by default, and we recommend you to keep it on to guarantee the account security. If an attacker attempts to log in with the wrong password several times, the corresponding account and the source IP address will be locked.
5. **Change Default HTTP and Other Service Ports**
   We suggest you to change default HTTP and other service ports into any set of numbers between 1024~65535, reducing the risk of outsiders being able to guess which ports you are using.

6. **Enable HTTPS**
   We suggest you to enable HTTPS, so that you visit Web service through a secure communication channel.

7. **Enable Whitelist**
   We suggest you to enable whitelist function to prevent everyone, except those with specified IP addresses, from accessing the system. Therefore, please be sure to add your computer's IP address and the accompanying equipment's IP address to the whitelist.

8. **MAC Address Binding**
   We recommend you to bind the IP and MAC address of the gateway to the equipment, thus reducing the risk of ARP spoofing.

9. **Assign Accounts and Privileges Reasonably**
   According to business and management requirements, reasonably add users and assign a minimum set of permissions to them.

10. **Disable Unnecessary Services and Choose Secure Modes**
    If not needed, it is recommended to turn off some services such as SNMP, SMTP, UPnP, etc., to reduce risks.
    If necessary, it is highly recommended that you use safe modes, including but not limited to the following services:
    - SNMP: Choose SNMP v3, and set up strong encryption passwords and authentication passwords.
    - SMTP: Choose TLS to access mailbox server.
    - FTP: Choose SFTP, and set up strong passwords.
    - AP hotspot: Choose WPA2-PSK encryption mode, and set up strong passwords.

11. **Audio and Video Encrypted Transmission**
    If your audio and video data contents are very important or sensitive, we recommend that you use encrypted transmission function, to reduce the risk of audio and video data being stolen during transmission.
    Reminder: encrypted transmission will cause some loss in transmission efficiency.

12. **Secure Auditing**
    - Check online users: we suggest that you check online users regularly to see if the device is logged in without authorization.
    - Check equipment log: By viewing the logs, you can know the IP addresses that were used to log in to your devices and their key operations.

13. **Network Log**
    Due to the limited storage capacity of the equipment, the stored log is limited. If you need to save the log for a long time, it is recommended that you enable the network log function to ensure that the critical logs are synchronized to the network log server for tracing.

14. **Construct a Safe Network Environment**
    In order to better ensure the safety of equipment and reduce potential cyber risks, we recommend:
    - Disable the port mapping function of the router to avoid direct access to the intranet devices from external network.
The network should be partitioned and isolated according to the actual network needs. If there are no communication requirements between two sub networks, it is suggested to use VLAN, network GAP and other technologies to partition the network, so as to achieve the network isolation effect.

Establish the 802.1x access authentication system to reduce the risk of unauthorized access to private networks.